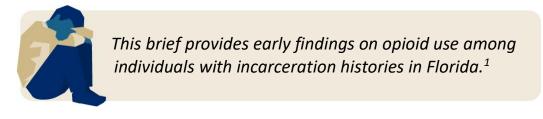
The Opioid Crisis Among Individuals Who Have Experienced Incarceration In Florida

TRENDS & POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POLICY STAKEHOLDERS

JUNE 2020

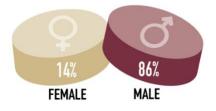


Despite incarceration history, in Florida, <u>opioid overdose deaths have increased dramatically</u> since 2015; nearly 68% of drug overdose deaths in Florida involved opioids in 2018.



Opioid use prior to incarceration

IDENTIFIED GENDER OF OPIOID USERS



28% of study participants in Florida had used opioids 3 or more times prior to their incarceration.

They were, on average, **21 years old** when they first used opioids – although the age of first use ranged from 17-68 years old.

SUPPORT GROUP

PSYCHOTHERAPY

PEER SUPPORT

SELF-HELP PLAN

HOSPITALIZATION

MAT

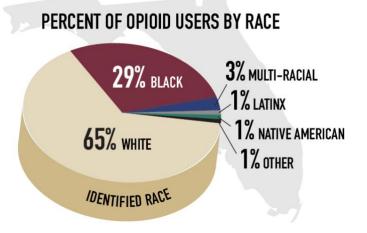
CASE MANAGEMENT

15%

13%

TYPES OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY

INDIVIDUALS WHO REPORTED OPIOID USE



55% reported that they needed help for substance use in their lifetime.

57% reported that they had received help for substance use in their lifetime.

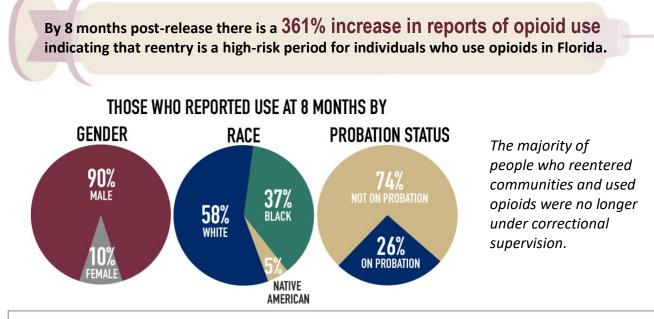
Despite medication-assisted therapy (MAT) being identified as the gold standard for treating opioid use disorders, few study participants reported receiving MAT.

49%

¹ How data were collected for the current analysis: We recruited 447 participants into the 5-Key Model for Reentry study from one of 12 prisons in Florida. We conduct multiple interviews with participants, the first of which occurs during incarceration. Then we interview participants soon after they release from prison (48 hours to 3 weeks) and again at 4 months and 8 months post-release. You can learn more the overall 5-Key Model study methodology <u>here</u>, how the 5-Key Model was developed <u>here</u>, and access additional research reports <u>here</u>.

Opioid use after release from incarceration

Within the first four months of returning home from incarceration, only 1.8% reported using opioids after release from prison. However, that trend does not hold.



Policy Recommendations based on Evidence-Based Practices

Following the Opioid Use Disorder Cascades of Care Model

SCREENING

- Screen for opioid use at entry into incarceration
- Screen for opioid use at exit from incarceration

LINKAGE FOR PREVENTION OR TREATMENT

- Refer individuals who are using opioids to prevention resources
- Ensure treatment providers in correctional facilities can provide medication assisted treatment (MAT) to individuals who use opioids
- Ensure community providers have the capacity to provide MAT to individuals who use opioids with incarceration histories (regardless of probation status)

INITIATION

- Provide prevention resources or MAT to individuals <u>during</u> incarceration
- Provide prevention resources or MAT to individuals <u>after</u> incarceration (regardless of probation status)

RETENTION

- Train probation officers in motivation and retention strategies for those requiring prevention resources or who are in treatment for opioid use disorders
- Train prevention services and treatment providers on motivation and retention strategies for those with histories of incarceration despite probation status